

Sec 1.7 Solving Problems Involving Objects

Formula given on final exam:

$$\text{SA of a Cylinder: } 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$\text{SA of a Sphere: } 4\pi r^2$$

$$\text{SA of a Cone: } \pi r^2 + \pi rs$$

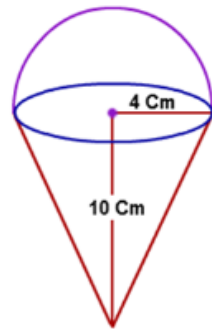
$$\text{V of a Pyramid: } \frac{1}{3} Ah = \frac{Lwh}{3}$$

$$\text{V of a Sphere: } \frac{4\pi r^3}{3} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{V of a Cone: } \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

A composite object is made up of two or more distinct objects.

Can you identify the two objects in this composite object?



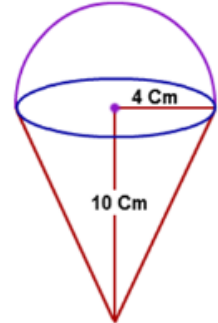
Example 1

a) Determine the volume of the composite object.

To determine the volume of a composite object, calculate the volume of each object, then add the volumes. There is no overlap!

b) Determine the surface area of composite object.

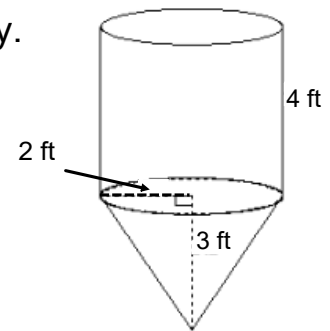
To find the surface area of a composite object find the combined surface area of each object but do not include the overlap.



Example 2

A funnel is used to pour dough into pans in a bakery.
What is its volume and surface area?

↪ First identify the two objects in this composite object.



Work Book Questions
p.59 #3bc, 5a, 9a, 10a

Extra Practice Questions
p.59 #3ad, 6b, 10b